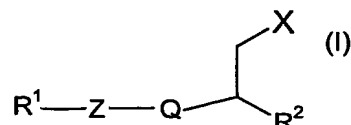


## Claims

1. A compound of formula (I):



5 wherein

$\text{R}^1$  represents optionally substituted  $-\text{C}_{4-12}$  alkyl,  $-\text{C}_{2-10}$  alkylcycloalkyl,  $-\text{C}_{2-6}$  alkyl heterocycloalkyl,  $-\text{C}_{2-6}$  alkylaryl, optionally substituted 5- or 6- membered aryl or heteroaryl except pyridinyl;

10 Z represents a bond,  $\text{CH}_2$ , O, S, SO,  $\text{SO}_2$ ,  $\text{NR}^4$ ,  $\text{OCR}^4\text{R}^5$ ,  $\text{CR}^4\text{R}^5\text{O}$ , or Z,  $\text{R}^1$  and Q together form an optionally substituted fused tricyclic group;

Q represents an optionally substituted 5- or 6- membered aryl or heteroaryl ring;

X represents  $\text{COR}^3$ ;

$\text{R}^2$  represents  $\text{CONH}_2$ ,  $\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ ,  $\text{CO}_2\text{R}^7$ ,  $\text{SO}_2\text{R}^7$  or  $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^8\text{R}^9$  except that  $\text{R}^2$ ; may not represent  $\text{CO}_2\text{R}^7$  when X is  $\text{CONH}_2$ ;

15  $\text{R}^3$  represents  $\text{OR}^6$ , or  $\text{NR}^8\text{R}^9$ ;

$\text{R}^4$  and  $\text{R}^5$  each independently represents H,  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl or  $\text{C}_{1-4}$  alkylaryl;

$\text{R}^6$  represents H or  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl;

$\text{R}^7$  represents  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl;

20  $\text{R}^8$  and  $\text{R}^9$  each independently represents H or  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl or  $\text{R}^8$  and  $\text{R}^9$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 5- or 6- membered ring which may optionally include 1 or more further heteroatoms selected from O, S and N; and physiologically functional derivatives thereof with the exception of

[3-(acetylamino)-4-cyclohexylphenyl]-butanedioic acid and 3-(acetylamino)-4-cyclohexylphenyl]-butanedioic acid diethyl ether;

25 butanedioic acid [3-methoxy-4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl];

butanedioic acid [4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl];

with the proviso that when  $\text{R}^1$  represents  $\text{C}_{4-12}$  alkyl, Z is other than a bond, O or  $\text{CH}_2$ , and physiologically functional derivatives thereof.

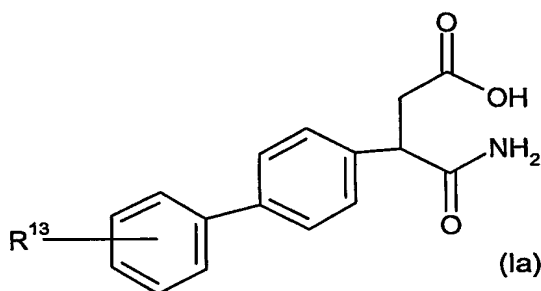
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2. A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein X represents CO<sub>2</sub>H and R<sup>2</sup> represents CONH<sub>2</sub>.

5 3. A compound as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 wherein Q represents unsubstituted phenyl.

4. A compound as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3 wherein Z represents a bond or O.

10 5. A compound as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 of formula (Ia)



15 wherein R<sup>13</sup> represents H, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, cyano, nitro, OR<sup>14</sup>, SR<sup>15</sup> or COR<sup>16</sup>; R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup> independently represent H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylaryl; and physiologically functional derivatives thereof.

6. A compound as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 for use in medicine.

20 7. A method for the treatment of a human or animal subject suffering from or susceptible to an inflammatory disease or an autoimmune disorder which method comprises administering to said subject an effective amount of a compound as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5.

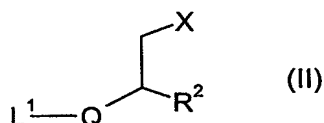
25 8. The use of a compound as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of an inflammatory disease or an autoimmune disorder.

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9. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier therefor, and optionally one or more other therapeutic agents.

5 10. a process for the preparation of compounds of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 which process comprises:

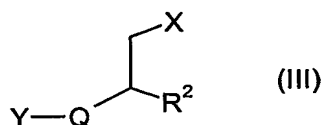
(A) for preparing a compound of formula (I) wherein Z represents a bond and R<sup>1</sup> represents optionally substituted 5- or 6- membered aryl or heteroaryl, reacting a compound of formula (II):



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wherein R<sup>2</sup>, Q and X are as previously defined for formula (I) and L<sup>1</sup> represents a leaving group, with a reagent suitable to introduce the group R<sup>1</sup>, such as a compound R<sup>1</sup>B(OH)<sub>2</sub>; or

15 (B) (i) preparation of compounds of formula (I) wherein Z represents , O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>4</sup>, OCR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup> by reacting a compound of formula (III):



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wherein R<sup>2</sup>, Q and X are as previously defined for formula (I) and Y represents OH, SH, NHR<sup>4</sup>, HOOCR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup> with a compound of formula (IV)



25

wherein R<sup>1</sup> is defined above for compounds of formula (I) and L<sup>2</sup> represents a leaving group; and

(ii) where Y is -SH optionally followed by oxidation to the corresponding SO or SO<sub>2</sub> as required; or

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(C) preparing compounds of formula (I) wherein Z is  $-\text{CR}^4\text{R}^5\text{O}-$  by reaction of a compound of formula (III) wherein Y is  $-\text{OH}$  with a compound of formula (V)



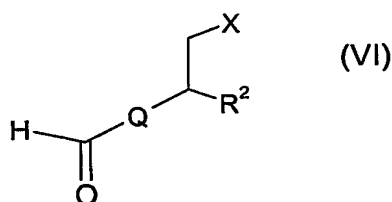
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wherein  $\text{R}^1$ ,  $\text{R}^4$ ,  $\text{R}^5$  are defined above for compounds of formula (I) and  $\text{L}^3$  represents a leaving group;

(D) preparing compounds of formula (I) where Z is  $\text{CH}_2$  and  $\text{R}^1$  represents optionally substituted 5- or 6- membered aryl or heteroaryl by reacting

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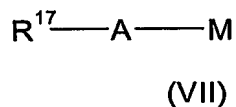
(i) a compound of formula (VII)



wherein

Q, X and  $\text{R}^2$  are as defined above with an optionally substituted 5- or 6- membered aryl or heteroaryl nucleophile, for example, a compound of formula (VII);

15



wherein A is a 5- or 6- membered aryl or heteroaryl,  $\text{R}^{17}$  is H or one or more substituents, which have been described earlier in the specification, and M is a metal, for example, Mg, Li or MgLi; and

20

(ii) reduction and elimination of the resultant alcohol or;

(E) deprotection of a protected form of compounds of formula (I).